

Roytrin TTD High Yield Fund

June 30, 2026

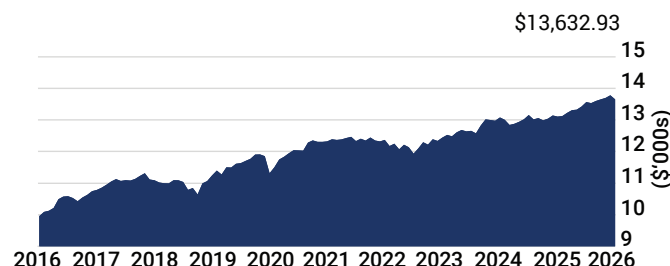
Quarterly Portfolio Statement



Investment Objective

To provide investors with a high yield over the medium to long-term by investing in a mix of local and international securities.

Growth of \$10,000



Note: Based on investment returns from Jun. 30, 2016 to Jun. 30, 2026

Fund Performance

Simple Returns		Average Annualised Returns			
YTD	1 year	3 year	5 year	10 year	From Inception
0.98%	3.65%	3.10%	2.23%	3.15%	4.96%

Note: As of Jun. 30, 2026

Top 10 Holdings

Description	Coupon	Maturity Date	% of NAV
Gov. of Trinidad and Tobago	6.000	11/22/2031	21.08%
Gov. of Trinidad and Tobago	2.800	09/23/2026	17.37%
Gov. of Trinidad and Tobago	6.450	07/28/2041	10.06%
Cash	n/a	n/a	6.83%
Roytrin TTD I&G Fund			5.63%
iShares MSCI Mexico ETF			4.20%
Gov. of Trinidad and Tobago	6.400	06/26/2034	3.74%
Reynolds American	7.250	06/15/2037	2.67%
Ovintiv Inc.	6.500	08/15/2034	2.51%
Goldman Sachs Group, Inc.	6.450	05/01/2036	2.50%

Note: For Exchange-Traded Funds and Mutual Funds, both the Coupon and Maturity Date are blank.

Risk Level

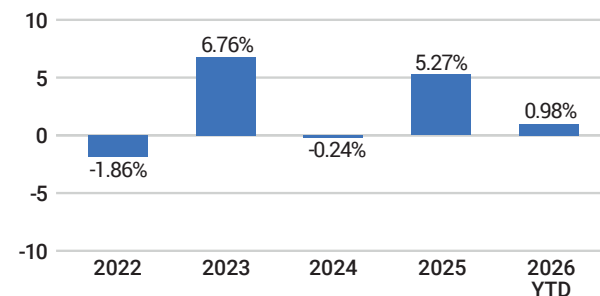
Low	Low to Medium	Medium	Medium to High	High
-----	---------------	--------	----------------	------

Note: For specific details on the risk of the fund, please review the Prospectus and Key Facts Statement.

Fund Details

Inception Date:	December 31, 2008
Total Net Asset Value (NAV):	TT\$ 28.79 million
NAV per unit:	TT\$ 233.228
Management Expense Ratio:	1.81% (as of Jun. 30, 2025)

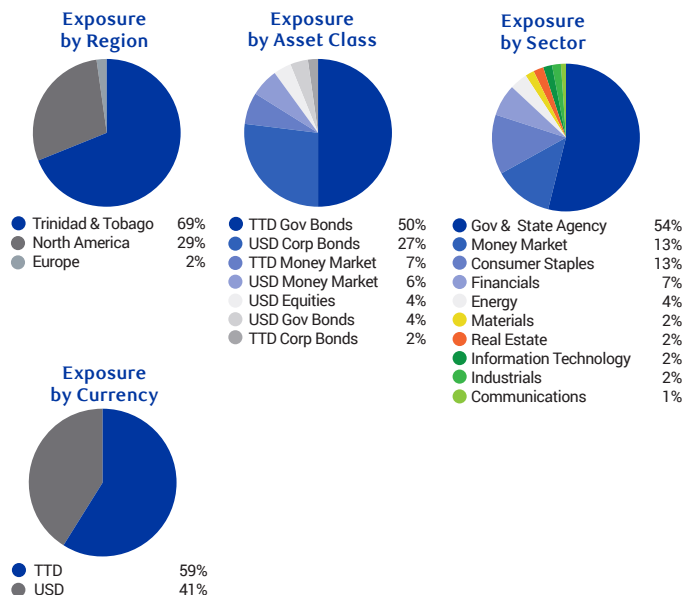
Calendar Returns (%)



Fixed Income Metrics

Weighted Average Life	7.18
Weighted Average Duration	5.04
Weighted Average Yield	4.79%
Average Credit Rating	BBB

Exposure



Note: The portfolio only holds long positions.

Market Update

Trinidad and Tobago's economy slowed in the first half of 2026 due to energy sector challenges. Natural gas shortages reduced production by 8.6%, causing downstream declines in methanol and ammonia output, which pressured exports and foreign exchange earnings. While crude oil output rose slightly, it couldn't offset the gas-related downturn. Inflation remained subdued, with the headline number at 0.3% in June, supported by easing food prices and stable core inflation. In financial markets, interest rates climbed. On the short end of the T&T yield curve, the one-year rate increased from 4.64% to 4.83% between March and June 2026. Longer-term yields also rose, reflecting the government's reliance on local bond funding and market expectations of tighter liquidity. The economy faces challenges from a weakening energy sector, subdued non-energy activity, and higher borrowing costs, despite controlled inflation.

The U.S. labour market showed modest growth in June 2026, with total nonfarm payroll employment increasing by just 57,000. The unemployment rate however edged down to 4.2%, in part reflecting a contraction in the labour force participation rate. Job gains were concentrated in professional and business services, social assistance, and healthcare, while leisure and hospitality experienced a decline in employment. Inflation cooled in June with the Consumer Price Index (CPI) declining by 0.4% month-on-month, outperforming the anticipated 0.1% decrease. Year-over-year, consumer prices rose 3.5% in June, less than the 3.8% forecast, driven by lower energy costs. Core CPI, which excludes food and energy costs, was flat in June and rose 2.6% year-over-year, also marking the smallest annual gain since March. Real GDP growth increased to a rate of 2.1% annually within the first quarter of 2026 in comparison to the 0.5% increase in the fourth quarter of 2025. In June, the Federal Reserve lowered its full year 2026 real GDP projection from 2.4% to 2.2% to reflect cooling domestic demand indicators and energy price pressures.

The Federal Reserve held the federal funds rate at 3.5% to 3.75% through its April and May meetings as the focus on the labour force remained the priority despite a run up in consumer prices. Inflation surged in April and May, before moderating in June, due to energy supply shocks caused by the Middle East conflict, which blocked the Strait of Hormuz and disrupted approximately 20% of global oil and natural gas flows. Fixed income markets recorded positive returns within the quarter across investment grade, high-yield and emerging market bonds. As global economic stability improved following a tentative U.S.-Iran truce, bond spreads narrowed due to reduced default risk concerns. Simultaneously, Treasury yields rose as fixed-income traders anticipated Federal Reserve rate hikes by late 2026. Investment grade bond spreads shrank by 15.64 basis points while returns increased by 1.4%, high yield spreads decreased by 53.20 basis points while returns rose by 2.6% and emerging market bond spreads decreased by 53.58 basis points and returns rose by 4.0%.



Disclaimer

The calculation of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Fund is determined by the total assets attributable to the Fund minus the total liabilities attributable to the Fund. The NAV per unit for the Fund is determined by dividing the NAV for the Fund by the number of Units outstanding on the Valuation Day.

The composition of the investment portfolio may change due to ongoing portfolio transactions of the CIS and quarterly updates are made available on the website of RBC Royal Bank (Trinidad & Tobago) Limited.

Commissions, trailing commissions, management fees and expenses all may be associated with collective investment scheme (CIS) investments. Please read the prospectus before investing. When making an investment decision, you should consult with a qualified financial advisor who can provide advice on the suitability of any investment for you based on your investment objectives, investment experience, financial situation and needs, or other relevant information.

Except as otherwise noted, the indicated rates of return are the historical annual compounded total returns including changes in unit value and reinvestment of all income distributions and do not take into account sales, redemption, distribution or optional charges or income taxes payable by any unitholder that would have reduced returns. The rates of return for periods of less than one year are simple rates of return. Past performance may not be repeated and there can be no assurance that the future performance will meet past performance levels.

CISs are not guaranteed or covered by the Deposit Insurance Corporation or by any other government deposit insurer. For funds other than money market funds, unit values change frequently. For money market funds, there can be no assurances that the fund will be able to maintain its net asset value per unit at a constant amount or that the full amount of your investment in the fund will be returned to you.

The quarterly portfolio report is provided for informational purposes only. The information contained within is not, and should not be construed as, investment or tax advice. You should not act or rely on the information contained in the quarterly portfolio summary without seeking the advice of an appropriate professional advisor.

This document has been compiled by RBC Investment Management (Caribbean) Limited from sources believed to be reliable, but no representations or warranty, express or implied, are made by RBCIM, its affiliates or any other person as to its accuracy, completeness or correctness. All opinions and estimates constitute RBCIM's judgment as of the date of this document, are subject to change without notice and are provided in good faith but without legal responsibility.

Graphs are only used to illustrate the effects of the compound growth rate and do not reflect future values of any fund or returns on investment of any fund. Growth of \$10,000 chart shown represents a hypothetical investment of the Fund over the last 10 years, or from the last day of the since inception month for funds with less than 10 years performance history. The chart assumes reinvestment of all distributions and is net of fees.

Management Expense Ratios (MER (%)) are based on actual expenses for the most recent audited year, depending on availability of data at the time of publication.

RBCIM forms part of the same financial group as Royal Bank of Canada and is a subsidiary of the Royal Bank of Canada. The Royal Bank of Canada, is the parent company of RBC Financial (Caribbean) Limited which is the parent company and 100% shareholder of RBCIM. The Royal Bank of Canada, therefore is the ultimate parent company of RBCIM, and is a related party to RBCIM as defined under the Securities Act, 2012 and By-Laws.